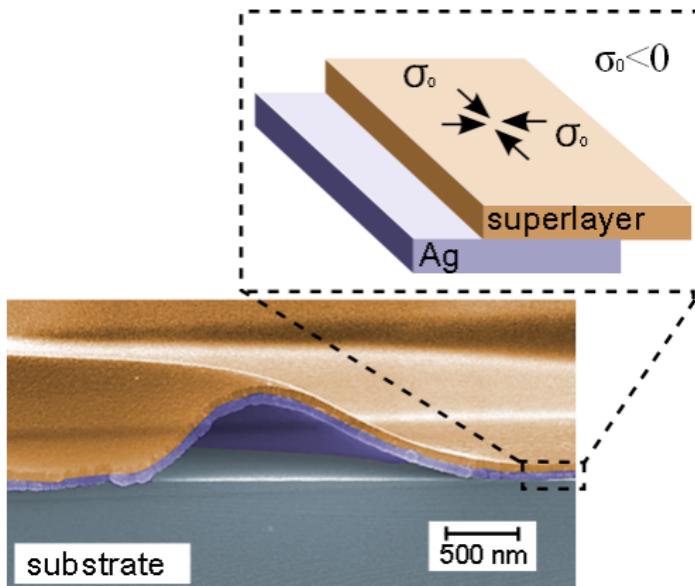


Thin films, buckles and instabilities

J.-Y. Faou, S. Grachev, G. Parry and E. Barthel

Surface du Verre et Interfaces / SIMAP

2013 / Material deformation – Les Houches

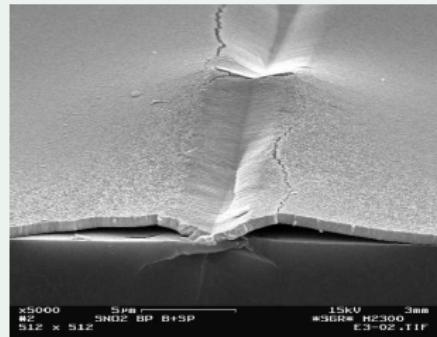


Buckles

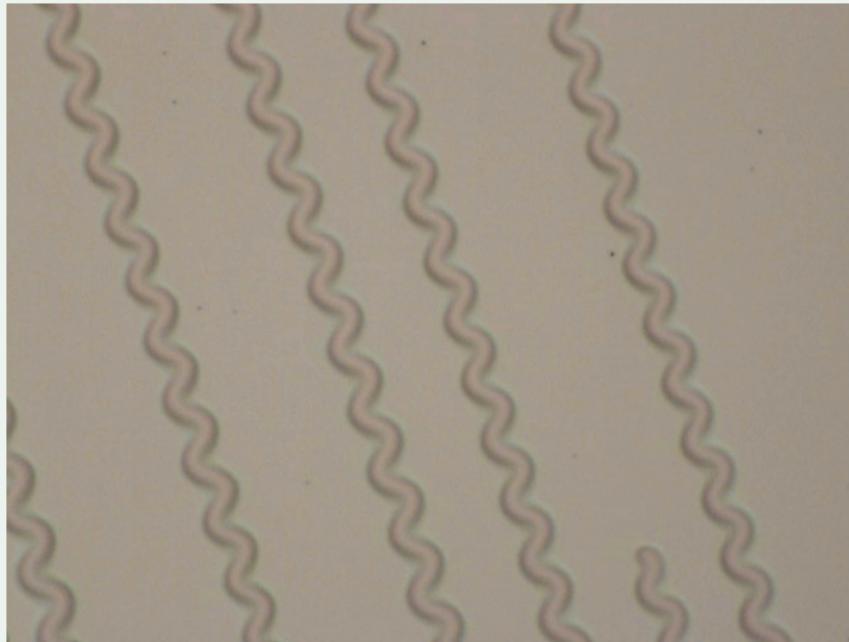
Thin films: multiple applications...



...and numerous issues !



A telephone cord



Mo on Ag

- Why do most buckles propagate as telephone cords ?

Straight buckles



ZnO/Ag multilayer

- Why is a straight buckle stable on the sides ?
- Why does it propagate at its rounded tip ?

Content

The straight buckle

First ideas on buckles

Mode Mix !

Beyond the straight buckle

Circular buckles – instabilities

Telephone cords and more...

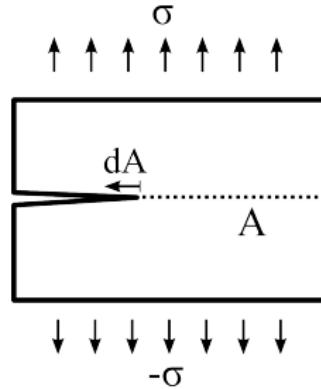
Energy release rate – Definition

- Definition

$$\mathcal{G} \equiv \frac{d\mathcal{E}_{el}}{dA} \Big|_{\delta}$$

- At equilibrium

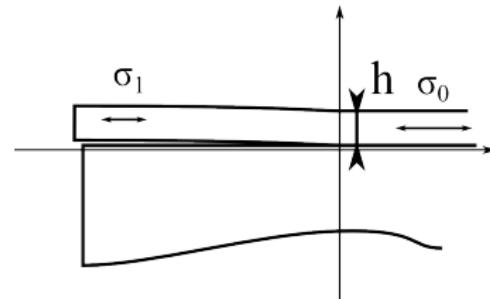
$$\mathcal{G} = \mathcal{G}_c$$



A crack under remote loading σ

Thin film / plate – Stretching

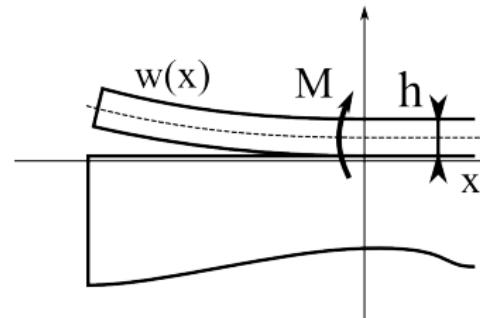
$$\mathcal{G} = \frac{h(\Delta\sigma)^2}{2E^*} = \frac{1}{2} E^* \epsilon^2 h$$



- stress variation $\Delta\sigma = \sigma_1 - \sigma_0 = E^* \epsilon$
- plane strain modulus $E^* = \frac{E}{(1-\nu^2)}$

Thin film / plate – Bending

$$\mathcal{G} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{M^2}{D} = \frac{1}{2} D w''(0)^2$$

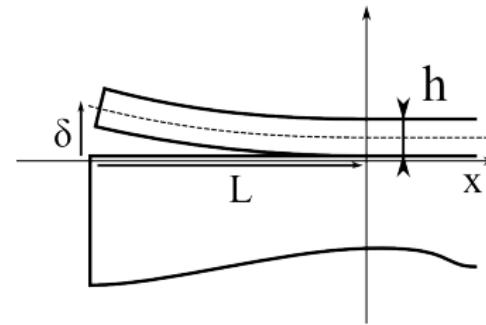


Cantilever beam

- bending moment $M = D w''(0)$
- bending modulus $D = \frac{Eh^3}{12(1-\nu^2)}$

Thin film / plate – Bending

$$\mathcal{G} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{M^2}{D} = \frac{1}{2} D w''(0)^2$$



Cleavage

Energy release rate for a DCB test

$$\mathcal{G} = \frac{3Eh^3}{8(1-\nu^2)} \left(\frac{\delta}{L^2}\right)^2$$

[Obreimov, 1930]

Content

The straight buckle

First ideas on buckles

Mode Mix !

Beyond the straight buckle

Circular buckles – instabilities

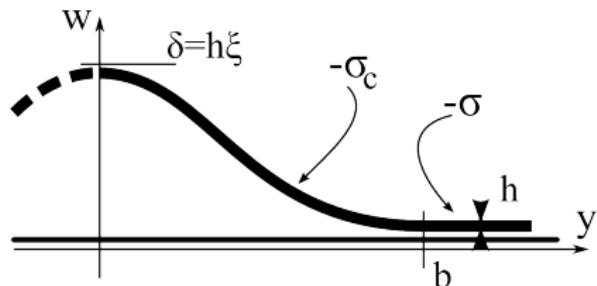
Telephone cords and more...

Plate equilibrium

1D von Karman equation

$$D \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial y^4} - N_{yy} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{dN_{yy}}{dy} = 0$$



- bending modulus

$$D = \frac{Eh^3}{12(1 - \nu^2)}$$

- transverse loading

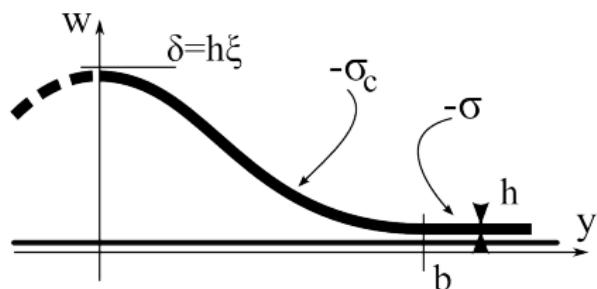
$$N_{yy} = \sigma_{yy} h$$

Plate equilibrium

1D von Karman equation

$$D \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial y^4} - N_{yy} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{dN_{yy}}{dy} = 0$$



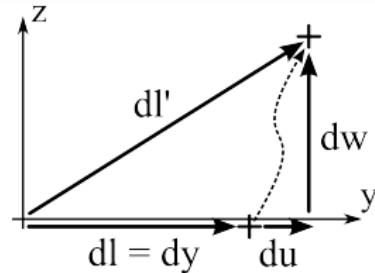
with $w = \frac{1}{2}\delta \left[1 + \cos \left(\frac{\pi y}{b} \right) \right]$ we find $\frac{D\pi^2}{b^2} - \sigma_c h = 0$

Buckling stress

$$\sigma_c = \frac{\pi^2 D}{b^2 h}$$

Strains in the plate – non linear

$$\epsilon_y = \frac{du}{dy} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{dw}{dy} \right)^2$$



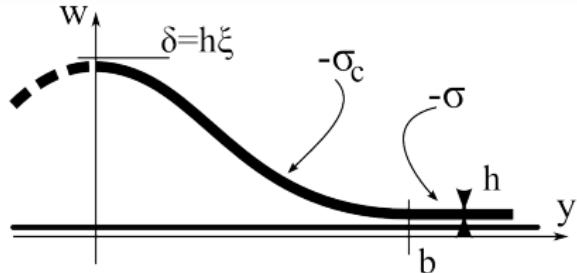
elongation $dl'^2 = (dy + du)^2 + dw^2$ so that

$$\frac{dl'}{dl} \simeq 1 + \frac{du}{dy} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{dw}{dy} \right)^2$$



Strains in the plate – non linear

$$\epsilon_y = \frac{du}{dy} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{dw}{dy} \right)^2$$

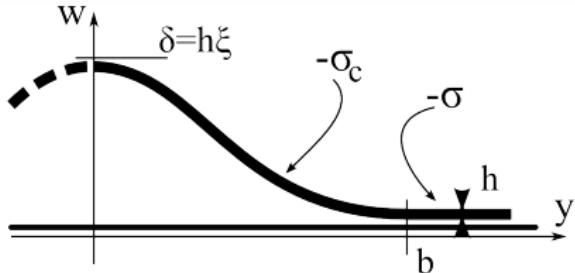


$$2b \frac{\Delta\sigma}{E^*} = \frac{b}{2} \frac{\pi^2 \delta^2}{4b^2} \text{ with plane strain modulus } E^* = \frac{E}{(1-\nu^2)}$$



Strains in the plate – non linear

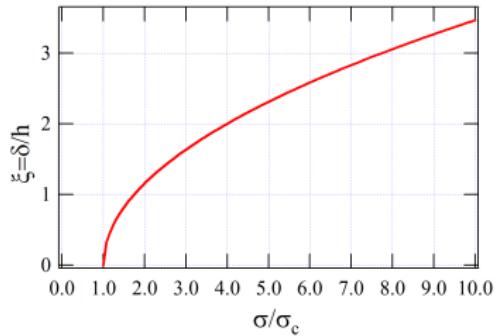
$$\epsilon_y = \frac{du}{dy} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{dw}{dy} \right)^2$$



$$2b \frac{\Delta\sigma}{E^*} = \frac{b}{2} \frac{\pi^2 \delta^2}{4b^2} \text{ with plane strain modulus } E^* = \frac{E}{(1-\nu^2)}$$

Buckle amplitude

$$\xi^2 = \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_c} - 1 \right)$$



Euler buckle

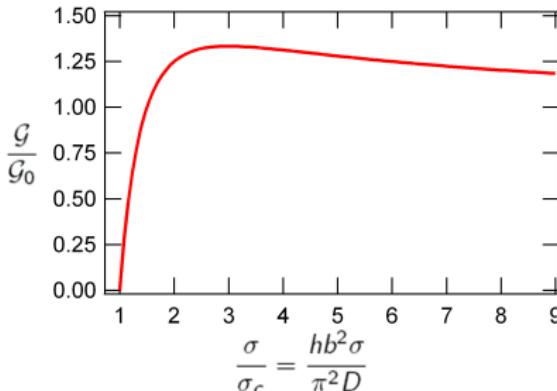
- Energy release rate

$$\mathcal{G} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(\sigma - \sigma_c)(\sigma + 3\sigma_c)}{E^*}$$

- Total elastic energy stored

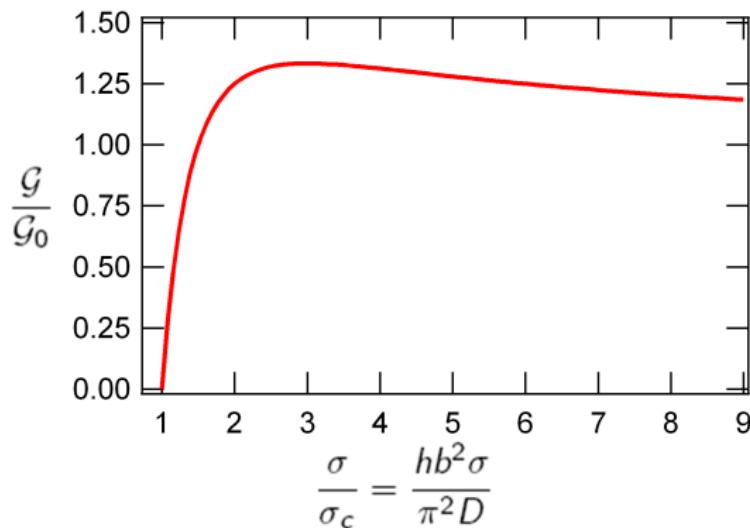
$$\mathcal{G}_0 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{h\sigma^2}{E^*}$$

- ERR $\mathcal{G} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{M^2}{D} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{h\Delta\sigma^2}{E^*}$
- moment $M = \frac{\pi^2}{2} D \frac{\delta}{b^2}$
- traction $\Delta N = h\Delta\sigma = \frac{\pi^2}{16} h \frac{E^*\delta^2}{b^2}$

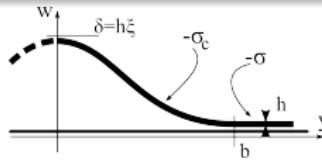


[Hutchinson and Suo, 1992]

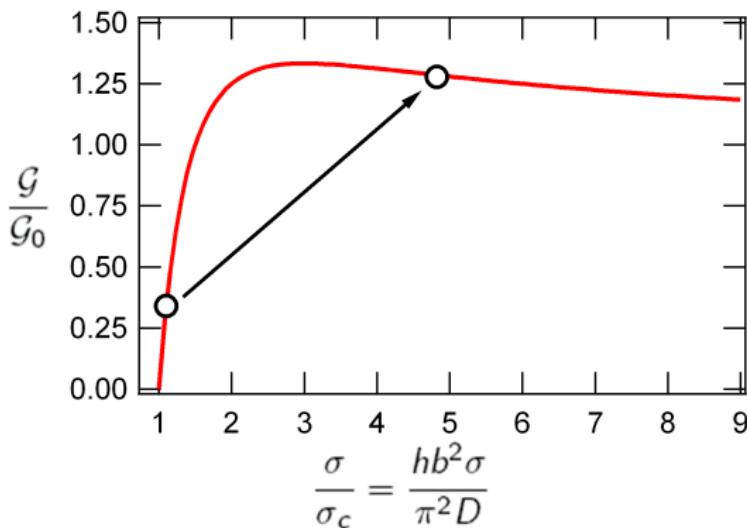
Euler buckle – stability



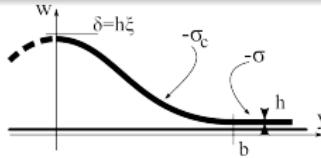
[Hutchinson and Suo, 1992]



Euler buckle – stability



[Hutchinson and Suo, 1992]



Content

The straight buckle

First ideas on buckles

Mode Mix !

Beyond the straight buckle

Circular buckles – instabilities

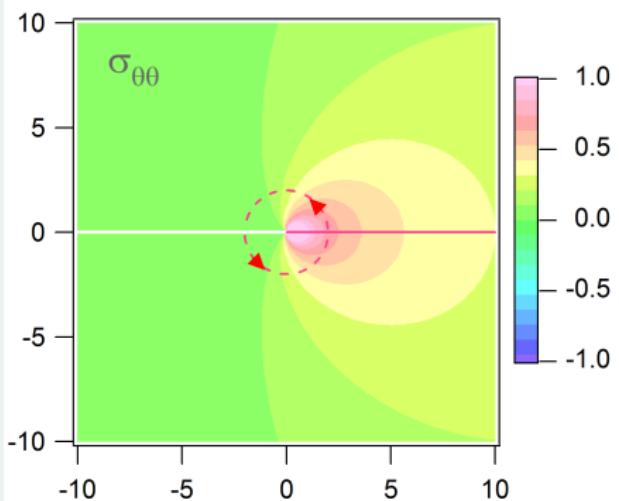
Telephone cords and more...



Euler buckles
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○●○○○

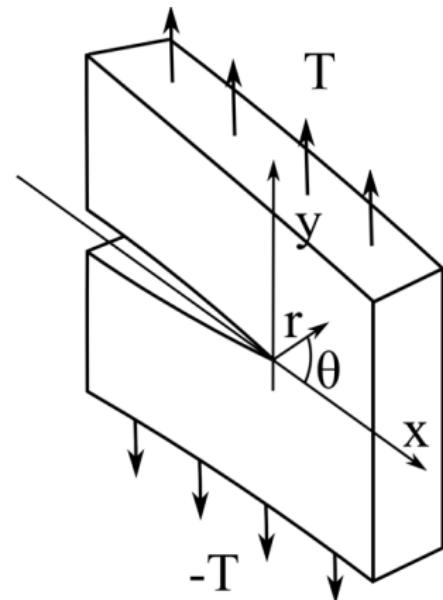
Instabilities
○○○○○
○○○○○○○○

Crack tip stress field – mode I

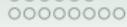


Orthoradial stress distribution $\tilde{\sigma}(\theta)$

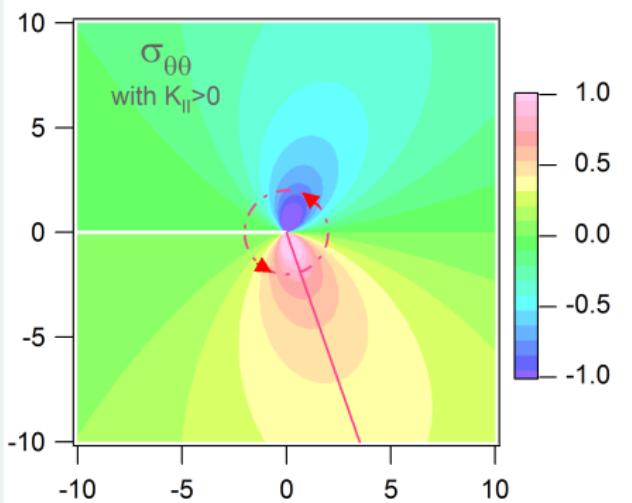
$$\sigma(r, \theta) = \frac{K_I}{\sqrt{2\pi r}} \tilde{\sigma}(\theta)$$



[Erdogan and Sih, 1963]

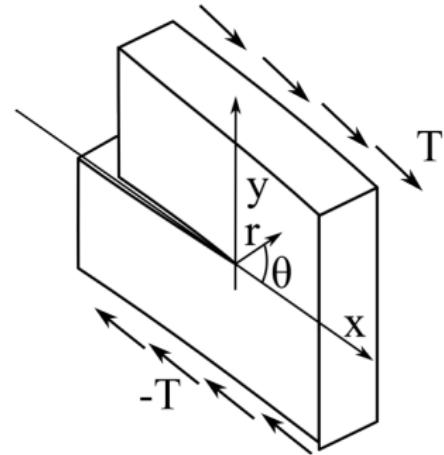


Crack tip stress field – mode II



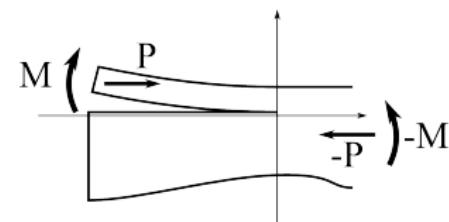
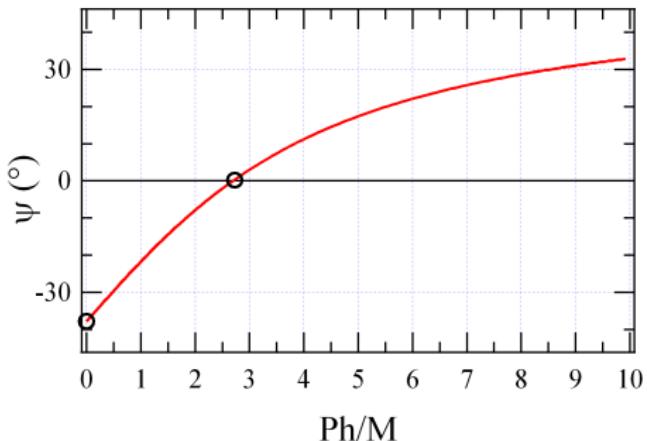
Orthoradial stress distribution $\tilde{\sigma}(\theta)$

$$\sigma(r, \theta) = \frac{K_{II}}{\sqrt{2\pi r}} \tilde{\sigma}(\theta)$$



[Erdogan and Sih, 1963]

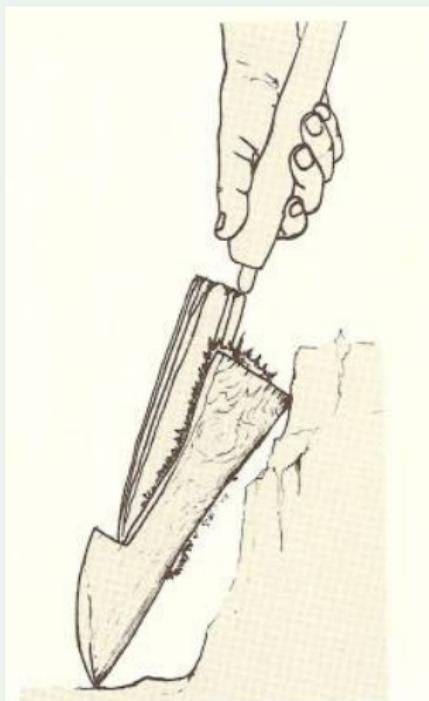
Edge crack for a thin film



Mode mixity for an
edge crack

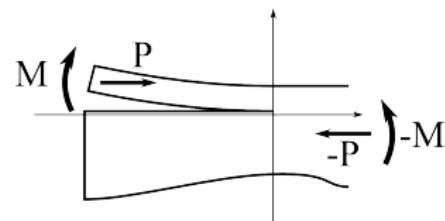
Mode mixity angle $\tan(\psi) = \frac{K_{II}}{K_I}$ [Hutchinson and Suo, 1992]

Edge crack for a thin film



Pressure blade making

[Pelegrin, 2005]



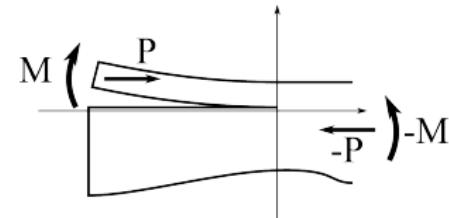
Mode mixity for an
edge crack

Edge crack for a thin film

$$K_I = \frac{\cos \omega}{\sqrt{2}} Ph^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{6} \sin \omega M h^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$K_{II} = \frac{\sin \omega}{\sqrt{2}} Ph^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \sqrt{6} \cos \omega M h^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

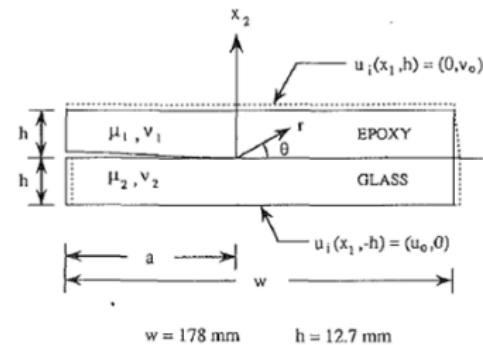
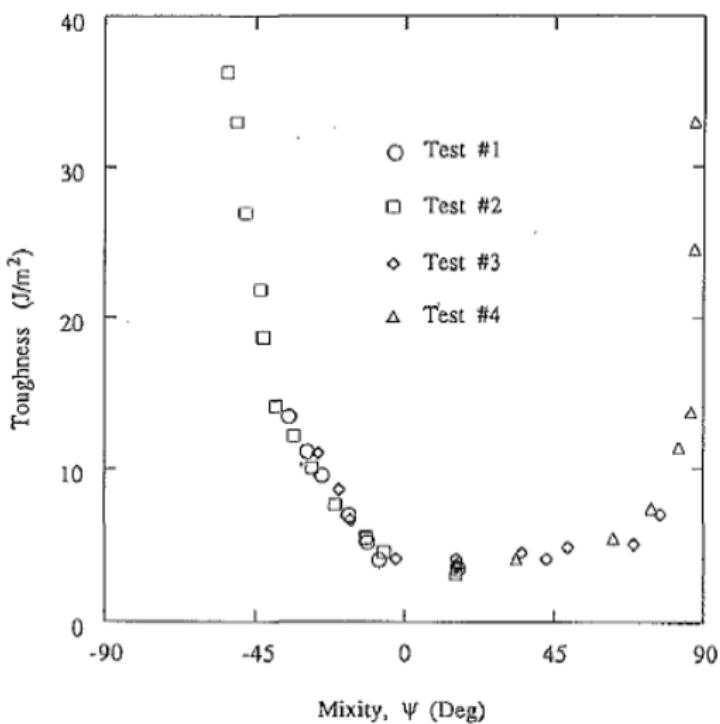
with $\omega \simeq 52^\circ$



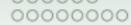
Mode mixity for an
edge crack



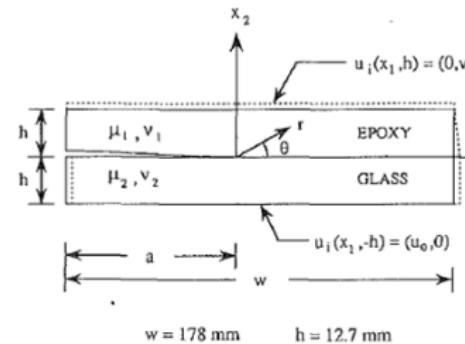
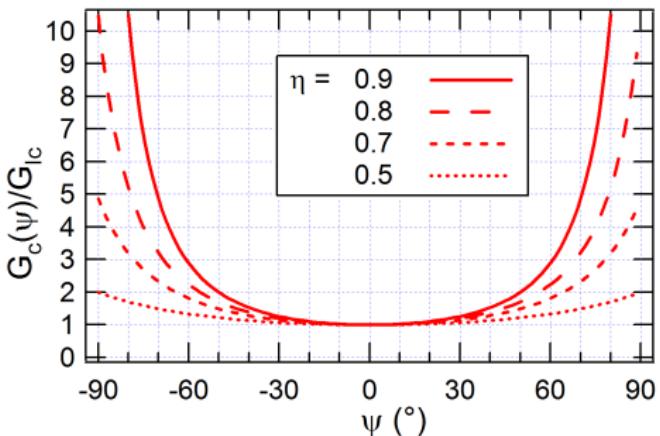
Mixed Mode Toughness



[Chai and Liechti,
1992]



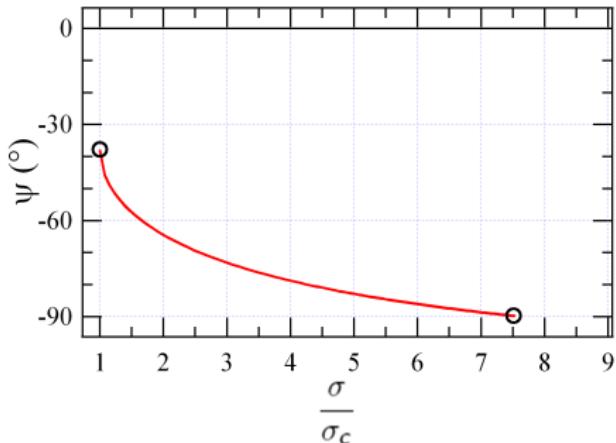
Mixed Mode Toughness



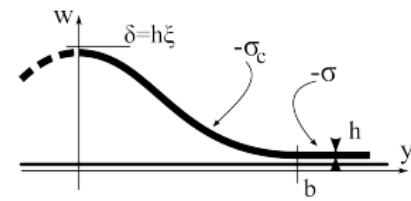
[Chai and Liechti,
1992]

$$f(\psi) = \frac{\mathcal{G}_c(\psi)}{\mathcal{G}_{Ic}} = 1 + \tan(\eta\psi)^2$$

Impact for Euler buckle



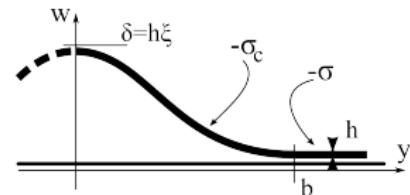
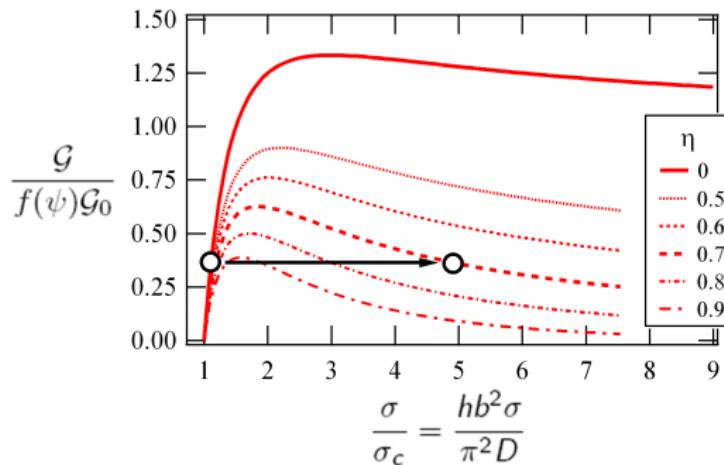
Mode mixity



$$\tan \psi = \frac{\cos \omega + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \xi \sin \omega}{-\sin \omega + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \xi \cos \omega}$$

with $\omega \simeq 52^\circ$

Impact for Euler buckle



Mode corrected ERR

- Straight buckles CAN be stable on the sides

Content

The straight buckle

First ideas on buckles

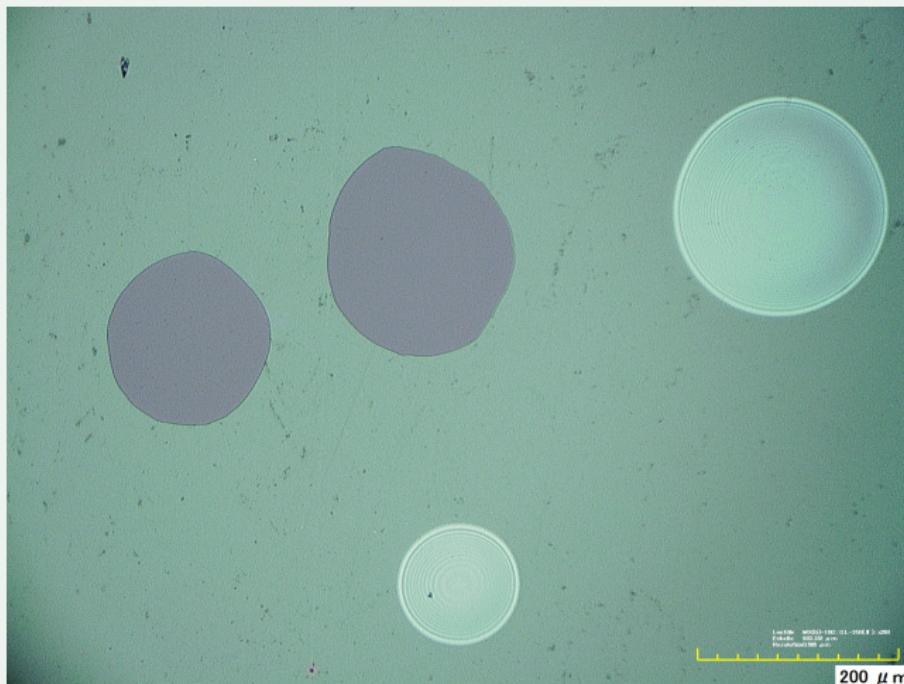
Mode Mix !

Beyond the straight buckle

Circular buckles – instabilities

Telephone cords and more...

Buckles, spalls...



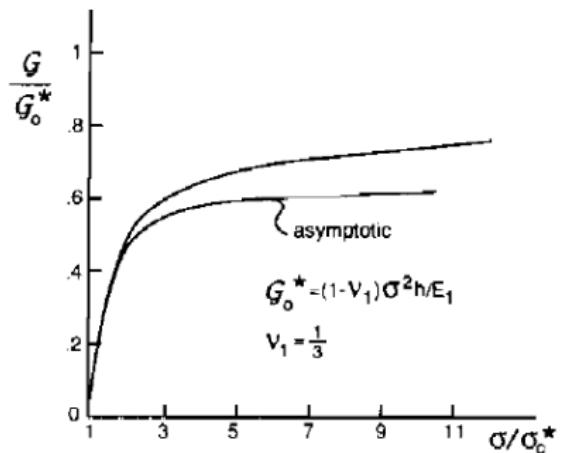
A. Benedetto (SGR)



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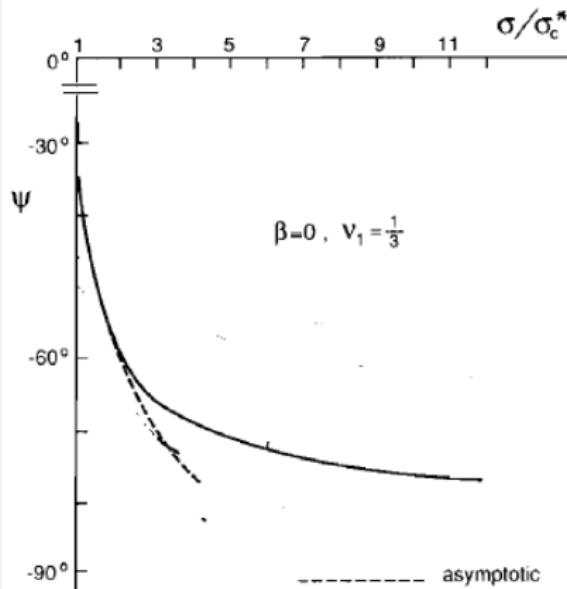
○○●○○
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Energy release rate



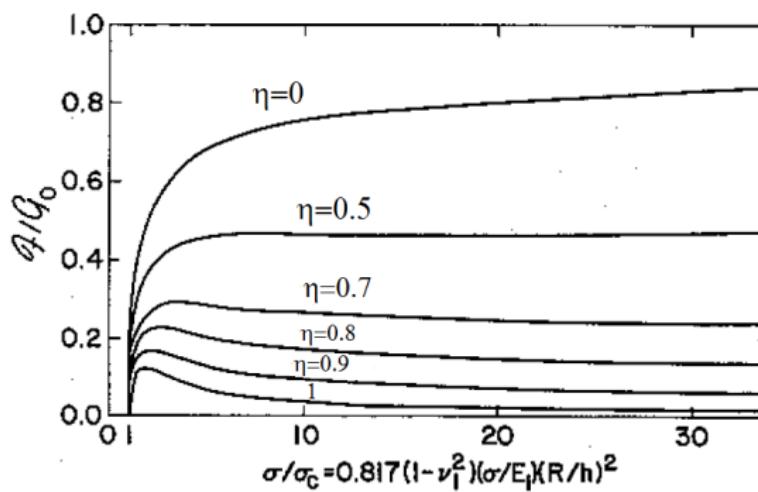
Circular buckle

Mode mixity



Hutchinson et al. [1992]

Circular buckle – mode adjusted ERR



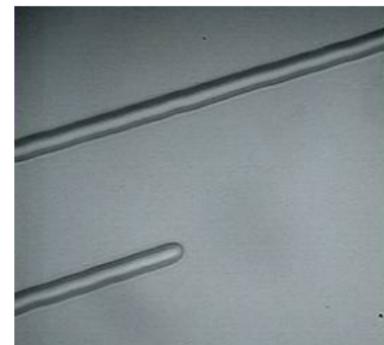
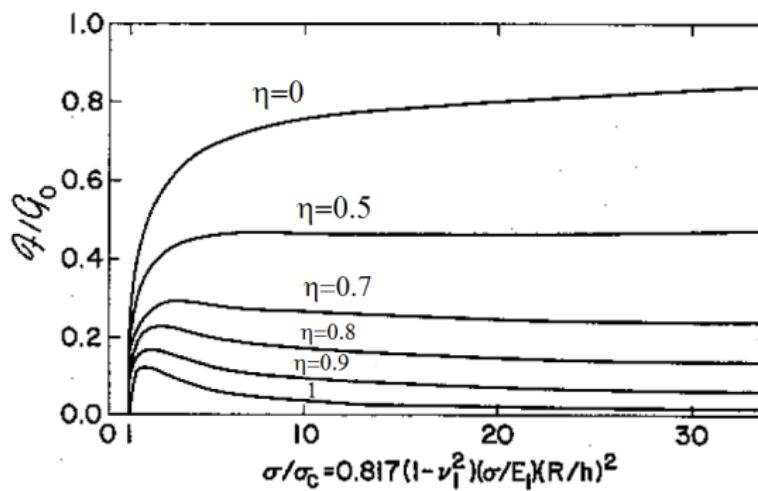
- circular buckles are seldom stable
- a straight buckle propagates at its rounded tip



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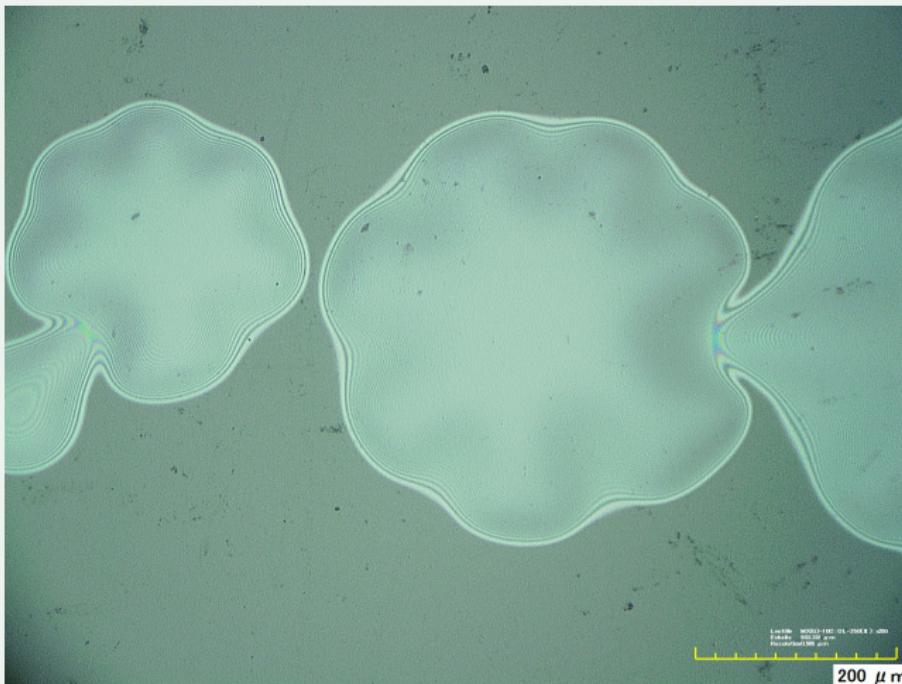
Circular buckle – mode adjusted ERR



- circular buckles are seldom stable
- a straight buckle propagates at its rounded tip



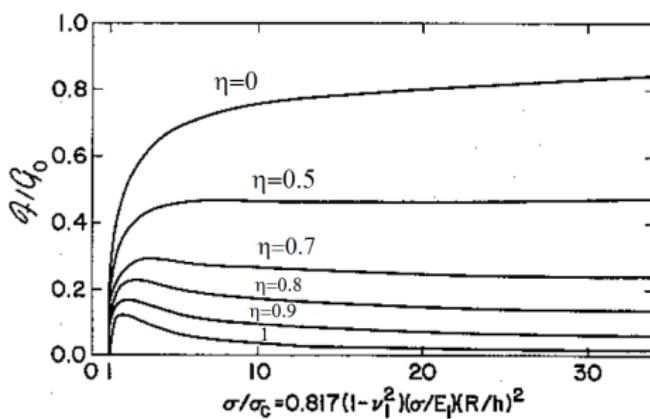
... and scalloped buckles!



A. Benedetto (SGR)



Circular buckle – Instability

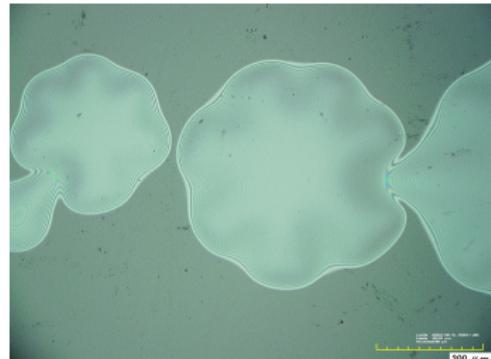
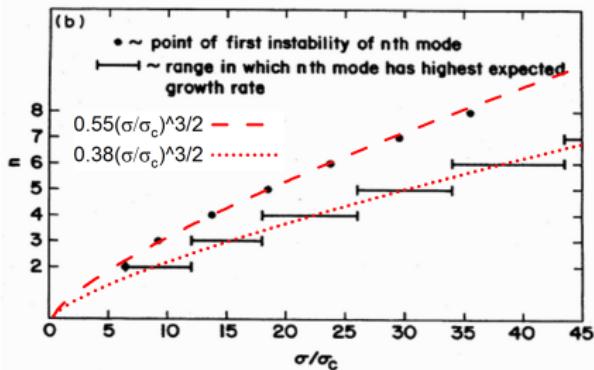


$$\tilde{R}(\theta) = R(1 + \epsilon \cos n\theta)$$

- Perturbation: $u(r) = u^{(0)}(r) + \epsilon u^{(1)}(r) \cos(n\theta)$
- Response: $F = F^{(0)}(\sigma/\sigma_c) + \epsilon F^{(1)}(\sigma/\sigma_c, n) \cos(n\theta)$

Hutchinson et al. [1992]

Circular buckle – Instability



- Perturbation: $u(r) = u^{(0)}(r) + \epsilon u^{(1)}(r) \cos(n\theta)$
- Response: $F = F^{(0)}(\sigma/\sigma_c) + \epsilon F^{(1)}(\sigma/\sigma_c, n) \cos(n\theta)$

Hutchinson et al. [1992]

Content

The straight buckle

First ideas on buckles

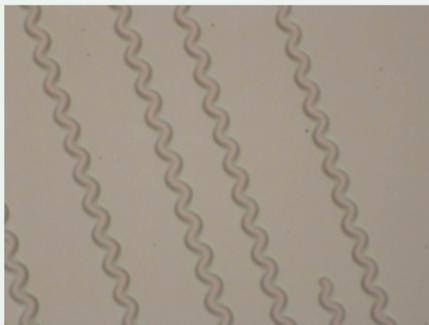
Mode Mix !

Beyond the straight buckle

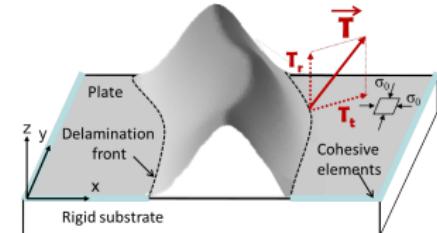
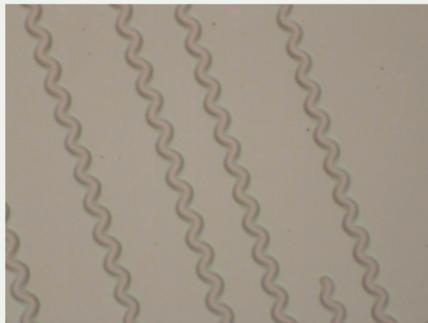
Circular buckles – instabilities

Telephone cords and more...

FEM simulation –Cohesive zone model



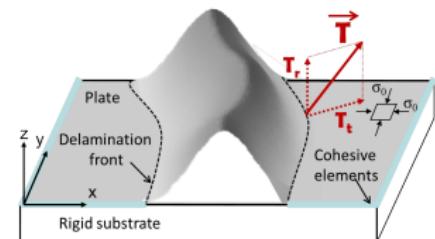
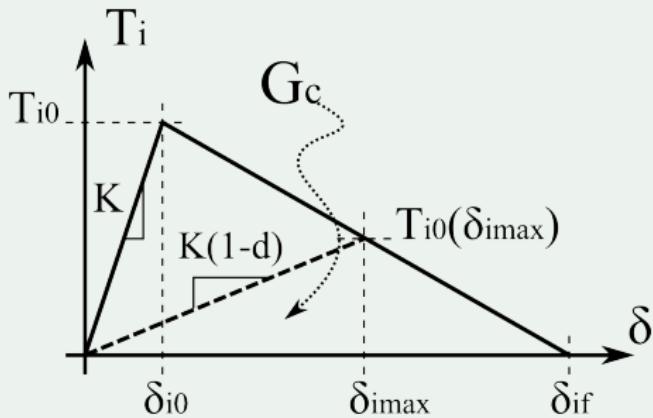
FEM simulation –Cohesive zone model



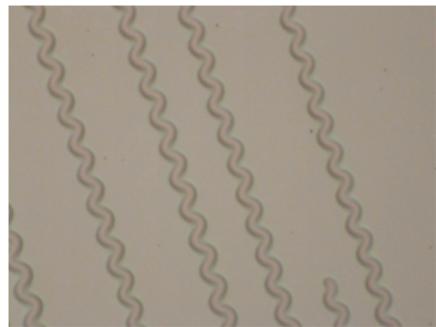
Cohesive elements



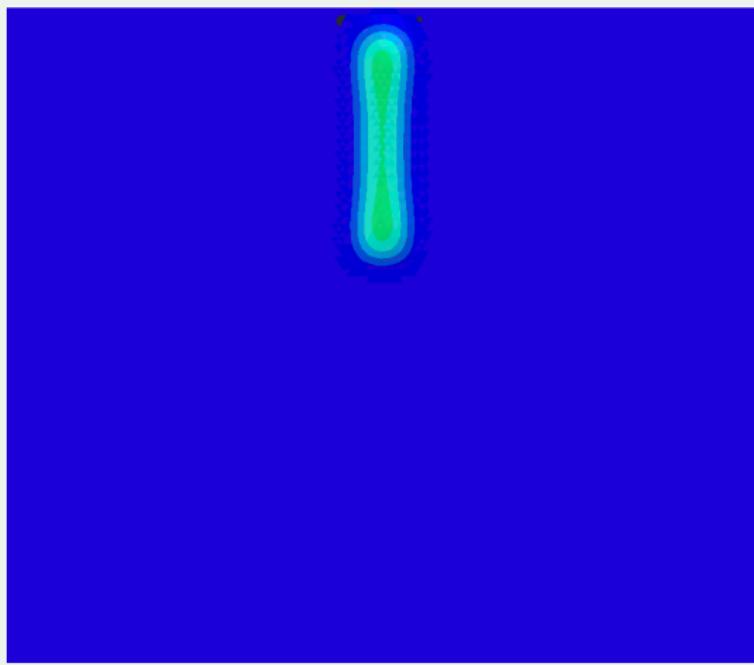
FEM simulation –Cohesive zone model



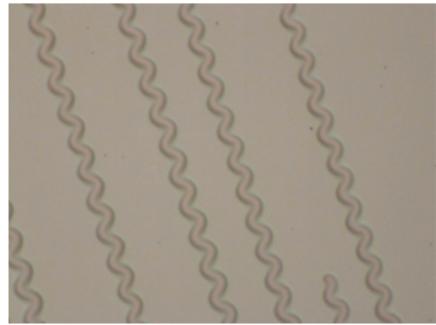
Cohesive elements



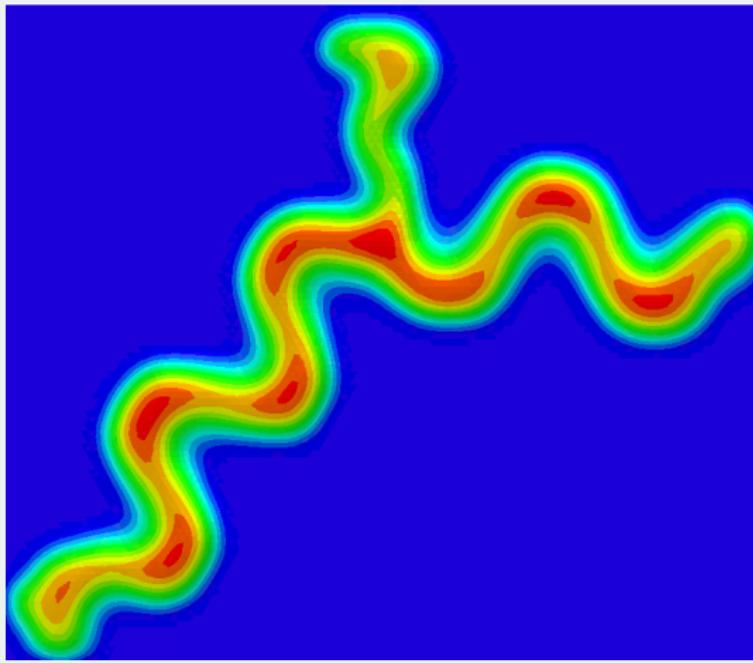
Telephone cord – simulation



[Faou et al., 2012]



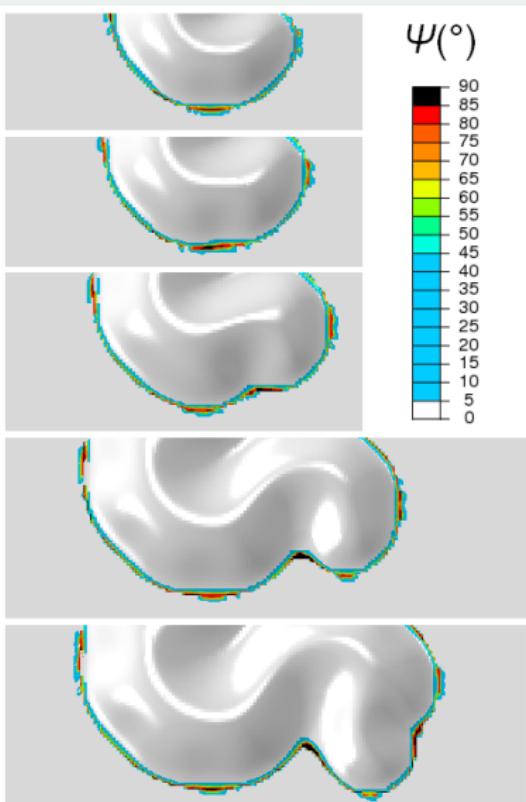
Telephone cord – simulation



[Faou et al., 2012]

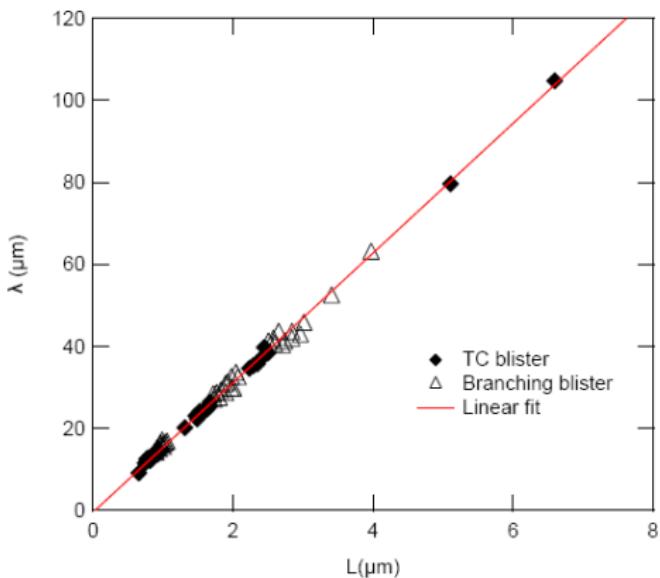
[Faou et al., 2012]

Telephone cord – mode mixity



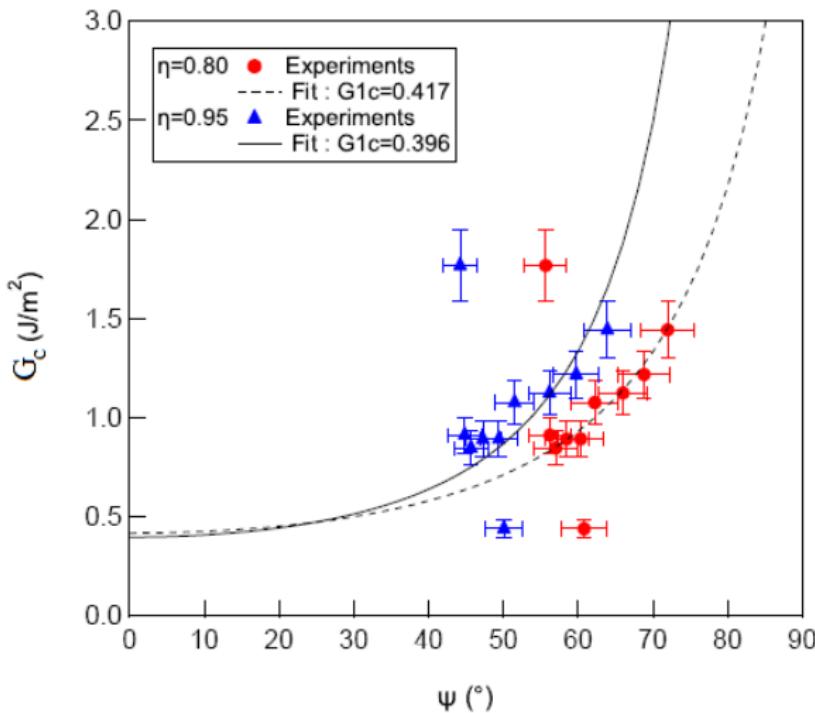


Telephone cord – wavelength



$$\frac{\sigma}{E^* \left(\frac{h}{L}\right)^2} \equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{G_0}{G_{lc}} - 1}}$$

Experiments – mixed mode toughness from λ

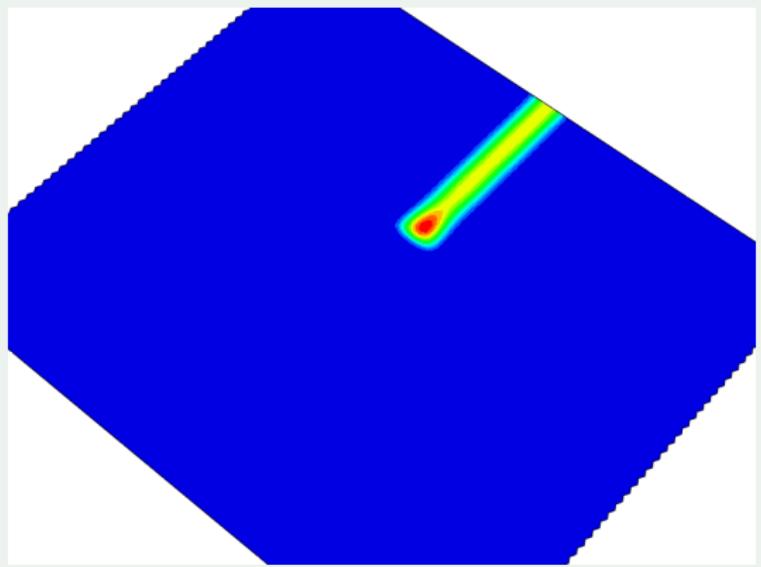




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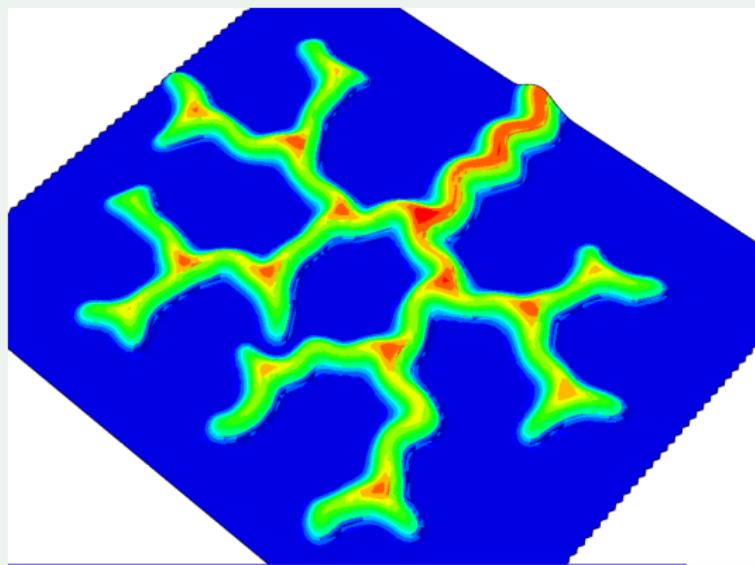
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Branched telephone cord – simulations



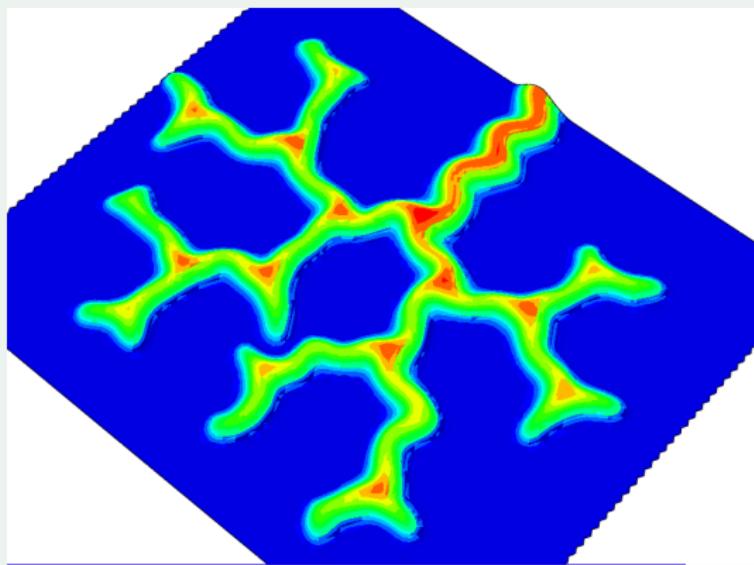


Branched telephone cord – simulations

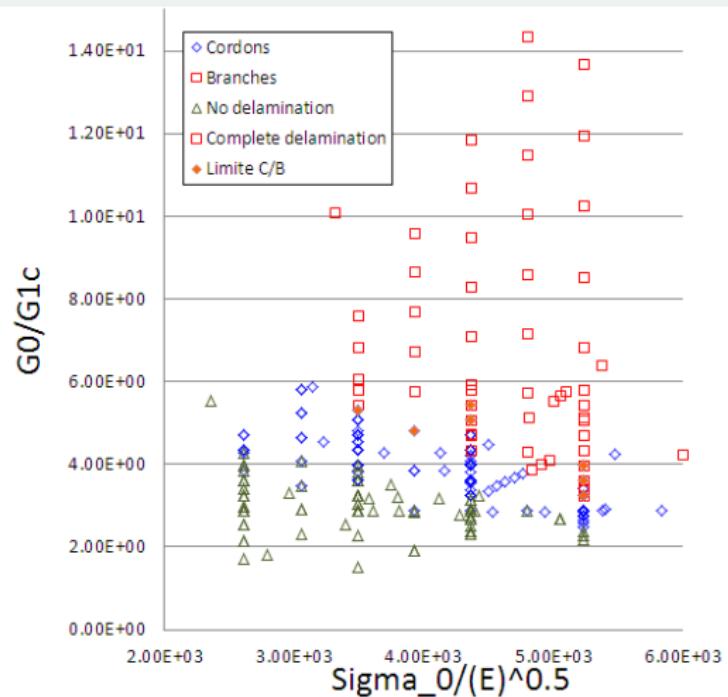




Branched telephone cord – simulations



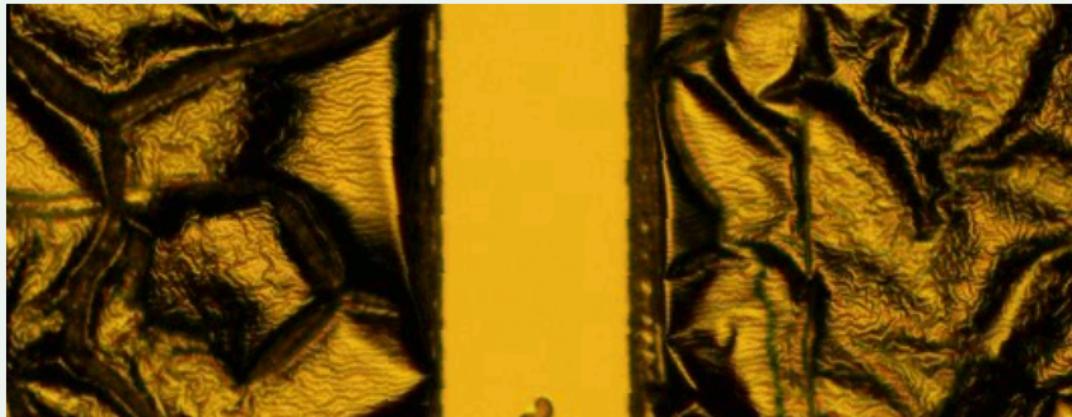
A phase diagram



Conclusion

For thin films with large compressive stresses

- mode-dependent interface toughness
- couples with non-linear plate buckling deformation
- drives configurational instability



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